Bovine bone graft combined with autologous micro-graft using the "RIGENERA" technology and restoration with the iSy Implant System

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Objectives, materials and methods:

Achieving predictable esthetic outcomes with implant-supported restorations is much more complex compared to restorations on natural teeth. Indeed, the loss of a single tooth in an area of higth esthetic importance always involves a defect in both soft and hard tissues, with a recession.

Process on the palatal-apical area, which may be the reason of a crown restoration longer than the natural, with lack of interdental papilla.

Very often the predictability of the esthetic out come is conditioned by an insufficient bone anatomy. We have faced the repair of bone loss by means of bovine bone biomaterials associated with the use of resorbable collagen membranes.

The DBBM has been combined with autologous micro-graft obtained from the patient tissues, derived from mechanical selection by means of the "Rigenera" technology.



Fig1: Smile line and esthetic evaluation



Fig.2: Agenesis of lateral incisors and wrong implant treatment



Fig.3: Wrong surgical planning and consequent improper outcome.



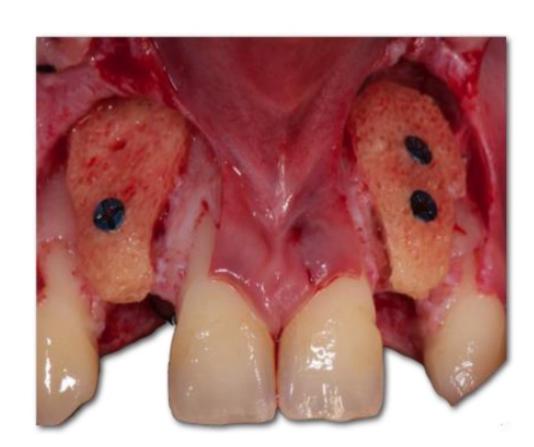


Fig 6: Bone defects repaired through DBBM block grafts combined with autologous micro-grafts, with the use of the RIGENERA Technology.



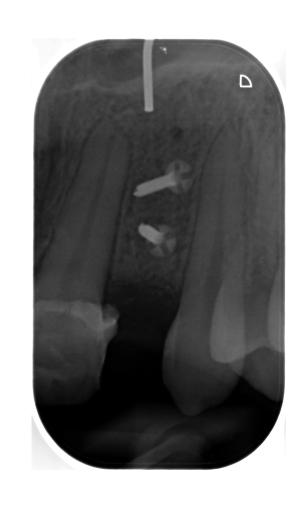


Fig4 & 5: Both fixtures are removed. In the area 1.2, inefficacy of the surgical



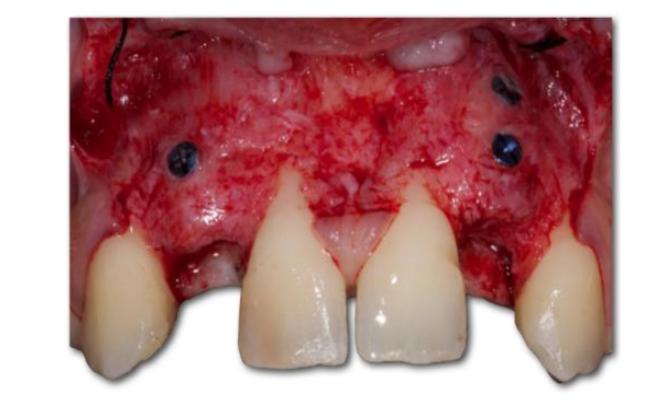
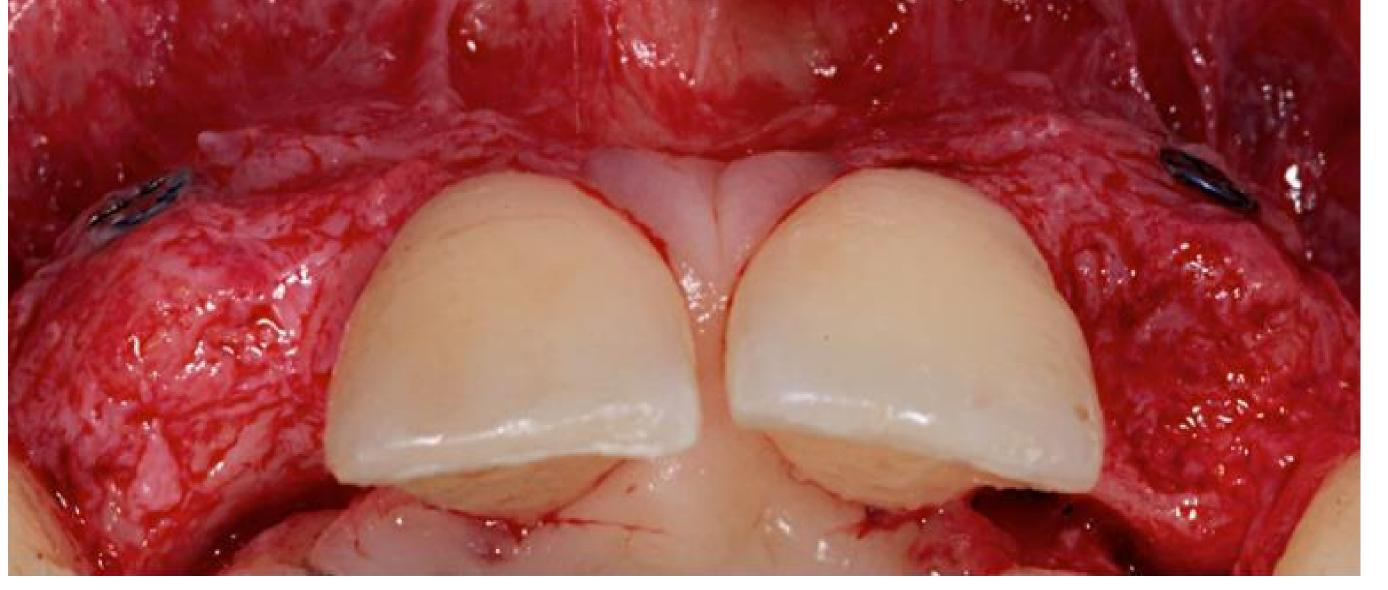


Fig. 7 & 8: Six months after bone graft.





The remarkable increase in bone volume allows the positioning of the suitable fixtures.

Fig. 9 & 10:



Fig.11: Connective graft, positioning of fixtures with titan bases.





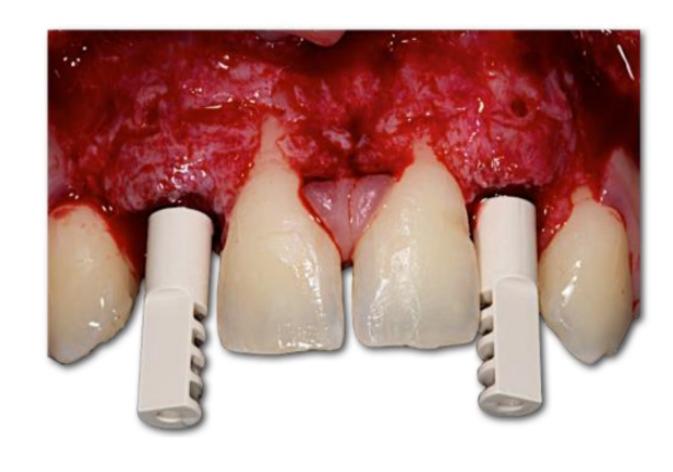


Fig.12: Try-in of the multifunctional caps mounted on the titan bases through conical connection



Fig.13: Healing cap on titan base





Fig. 15: Temporary crowns inserted in the titan bases with conical connection, without use of cement.

RESULTS: The results are encouraging and seem at this early stage to open up new perspectives for the achievement of successful clinical esthetic outcomes, based on the stability of peri-implant tissues.

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