Maxillary lateral hypodontia is the most common tooth missing after the third molar. There is a frequency of between 1% and 4% in the society. Diastema and asymmetrical appearance resulting in hypodontia result in aesthetic problems. Today’s prosthetic approach includes innovative prosthetic materials in addition to minimum tooth preparation. For minimum preparations, laminated veneers are a very popular prosthetic approach. The minimal invasive approach is one of the most popular approaches today. This approach envisages a minimum of healthy tissue loss and maximum successful outcome. Depending on this concept, only the vestibular surfaces are prepared rather than the preparation of the entire tooth for full crown. This concept is in progress in correlation with developments in adhesive systems and laminate veneer systems.

Lithium disilicate material, the natural adhesion of the teeth, comes out with very similar optical properties. A satisfactory result is obtained with the adhesive system used, proper tooth preparation and appropriate measurement technique.

Result

Various treatment concepts are popularly used in the absence of upper lateral teeth. Closure of the existing void to orthodontic movements, traditional bridge treatment methods have various disadvantages. However, after obtaining adequate space with orthodontic movements, implant rehabilitation is the most healthy method in terms of prevention of resorption in bone and preservation of the integrity of adjacent teeth. The irregularities present in the natural teeth are restored with laminate veneers with minimal preperation. Thus, minimal healthy tissue loss is experienced.